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The Intelligencer

WHEELING, JANUARY 26, 1895.

THE Daily Intelligencer will be sent from now until March 4 for one dollar. If you want to keep posted on the doings of the Legislature send in your dollar at once.

Salaries For Public Officers.

In legislating to abolish the fee system it would be well for the gentlemen of the legislature to avoid going to extremes in fixing the limit of salaries to be paid public officers in lieu of the fee. There is danger that in the anxiety to prevent the payment of extravagant salaries and save money to the treasury, some of them will be made too low to compensate for the services required, or the responsibility to be assumed by the officers.

The state of West Virginia, if she wishes her affairs administered by business men, men qualified by education and experience to fill all the positions of trust in her gift, should make it worth the while of citizens of that description to accept the places by fixing the compensation for services, not at figures that will tempt the greed of purely spoils hunters, but at a rate that will be fair and just. The salaries of the state officers, for instance, if arranged on a business basis, will be more likely to insure that the offices will be filled by men of business ability. Salaries cut to so low a figure that a man of family would find it almost impossible to live at the capital and "make both ends meet" would result in the filling of the places at the governor's disposal with men of inferior ability, whose services in similar capacities would probably not be acceptable to private firms or corporations at any price.

This is also true of elective offices in the counties of the state—that of sheriff, for instance, which is a position that should be filled only by a man of the strictest integrity and possessing good business qualifications. In Ohio county the sheriff, during his term of office, is required to handle hundreds of thousands of dollars of the people's money and account for every cent. His bond is fixed at \$95,000. In addition to his duties as a collector of taxes, he is charged with other important responsibilities that require executive ability, courage and intelligence. In one of the bills now pending before the legislature his salary for all this is fixed at \$2,000, which is scarcely commensurate with the requirements of the office, or the great responsibilities that are recognized by the size of the bond.

The danger is obvious. Men who are competent to fill the position in a business way, and who are at the same time trustworthy, will be slow to accept a position which pays a less salary than they are able to earn easily in some other line of business imposing less responsibility. In consequence, the field is left open to an irresponsible class of place hunters. What is true of Ohio county is true of other important counties in the state, such as Wood, Kanawha, Marion, Cabell and others—and the same point can be raised regarding offices beside that of sheriff.

The INTELLIGENCER is heartily in favor of any movement looking to a reform in the machinery of the state government. It also believes that in instituting the reform the business interests of the people and the tax-payers should be the first consideration.

THE Democrats are taking their defeat philosophically and good-naturedly, while the Republicans are magnanimous in victory. This is not the least of the pleasant features of the situation.

A Rule That Can Work Both Ways.

Down in Tennessee the Democratic legislature has one law for Democrats and another for Republicans. It proposes to count out the Republican governor-elect on the ground that some men who voted for him had not paid their poll tax. It turns out that twenty-three Democratic members of the legislature were elected by the same kind of vote, but there is nothing said about declaring their seats vacant. That wouldn't do, of course, for it would wipe out the Democratic majority, and prevent the partisan scheme to steal the governorship from being carried out.

It is possible, however, that the Democratic chickens may come home to roost from an unexpected direction. The legislature has just re-elected Mr. Harris to the United States senate. If it now declares Mr. Evans not legally elected governor on the pretext that men who voted for him had not paid their poll tax, it will be in order for the United States senate to refuse Mr.

Harris admission for the reason that the legislature choosing him was not a legal body, its members having been chosen in precisely the same manner as Mr. Evans was.

It may turn out, after all, that the piratical Democrats of Tennessee will be hoist by their own petard.

The Baltimore American notes that in the United States senate the Democratic party is divided into forty-three factions. Why not extend the count so as to include the white house and make it forty-four factions?

An Administration Blunder.

Some time since, Mr. Julian Ralph, in an article published in Harper's Weekly, clearly showed this government's moral responsibility for the torture and execution of two Japanese students who were surrendered to the Chinese authorities. Secretary Gresham denied Mr. Ralph's story in vigorous terms. The official correspondence on the subject contained in the documents recently sent to the senate by the President, however, confirms it, and leaves the administration in an unenviable light.

In this week's issue Harper's calls attention to this official confirmation of Mr. Ralph's story in an article headed "Secretary Gresham's Blunder," and says:

"The correspondence sent to the senate makes it clear that the United States assumed the proper protection of Japanese residents in China. The American minister and consuls took it upon themselves to prevent the unjust punishment of Japanese. The Chinese charged that the two Japanese students were spies, and on that ground demanded their surrender. The United States should not have surrendered them so long as there was reasonable ground on which to deny the charge. This is not disputed. But Secretary Gresham accepted the word of the Chinese that the two young men were spies, and that they would not be executed until Minister Denby's return. In doing this he declined to accept the evidence of the agents of this country, his own subordinates, who were appointed to their offices for the purpose of giving him accurate and honest information. The officers of the United States who were on the spot reported that the two Japanese were not spies, but were students, as they asserted that they were. Nevertheless, Mr. Gresham ordered Mr. Jenkinson to deliver them up to the Chinese authorities. In consequence of this surrender the two young men were beheaded before Minister Denby's return, and there is little doubt, moreover, that they were tortured before they were executed."

These facts from the official correspondence abundantly confirm in all particulars Mr. Ralph's story, which Mr. Gresham hastened to deny, and emphasize the opinion held by everybody, not biased, that Mr. Cleveland's secretary of state failed to realize what humanity required of him in the premises, especially so, considering that he was dealing with a barbarous people.

True, as Harper's Weekly says, in commenting on the developments, it may be that Secretary Gresham still disbelieves the statements of his diplomatic agents who agreed with Mr. Ralph, but if he does, he has made no movement toward their recall. It seems that the secretary relied, in support of his own conclusions, on the certificate of the Chinese minister, not entirely a disinterested authority. The case involved a question of humanity. China, says the Weekly, is a barbarous nation, and exceptional relations prevail between her and civilized powers. It is the practice of her government to torture prisoners. It is not its practice to accord fair trials. It was the duty of the government of the United States to prevent the torturing of these students, and their execution without a fair trial.

Mr. Gresham's blunder seems to be inexcusable from any point of view.

QUIGLEY, the noted bond forger, in an interview declares that he is not so bad as he is painted, and thinks that the public should give him credit for not having swindled to the extent of a million dollars instead of only \$350,000. Quigley's nerve is only equalled by his capacity for stealing.

More Pegs Than Holes.

Candidates for positions in the gift of the newly elected Republican council and chief of police are much more numerous than are the places to be filled. As Mr. Blaine once remarked to a West Virginia officeholder, "there are more pegs than there are holes to put them in."

This being the case, it is inevitable that disappointments will occur, but this always happens and it will not be strange. However, all the applicants are good Republicans and those who find themselves "left" will have the consolation of knowing that some other deserving man was successful, and will loyally and good-naturedly accept his own defeat.

The INTELLIGENCER knows that it is the expressed intention of the Republican councilmen and chief to act wisely and discreetly in these matters, with a view to the best interests of the city.

THE INTELLIGENCER does not believe that its esteemed contemporary, the Parkersburg State Journal, usually so fair in its statements, intentionally desires to place another paper in a false light in regard to its position on any public question, but in misconstruing the INTELLIGENCER's position on the debt question it does that very thing. We fear that our Parkersburg friend has not read the INTELLIGENCER carefully.

MAYOR STRONG, of New York, has entered on the work of reform in earnest. He now announces that he intends to get the retail liquor dealers on some ground that everybody will approve, with reference to the observance of the Sunday laws. It looks, at this distance, as though Mayor Strong has undertaken a big contract.

OUTSIDE of the betting fraternity little interest was taken in yesterday's election.—Register.

Our neighbor is slightly mistaken. The fact that nearly eight and a half thousand voters went to the polls was not only evidence that considerable interest was taken in the election, but that there was practically a full vote.

RIBOT ACCEPTS.

HE WILL ATTEMPT TO FORM A CABINET FOR FRANCE.

Paris, Jan. 25.—President Faure has summoned M. Ribot to form a cabinet, and the latter has accepted the task. He is now consulting with his friends. The wife of M. Ribot was formerly Miss

Minnie Burch, of Chicago. Since the fall of M. Ribot's ministry under the late President Carnot, he has occupied a rather obscure place in politics.

BREAKFAST BUDGET.

There was an interesting wedding in Eastport, Me., from the fact that the bride was one of the four Harris sisters, who are known all over the country on account of their smallness. Two of the sisters are only forty inches tall and the other two forty-two inches. They are over thirty years of age, and the average weight is ninety pounds. Matilda was married and Estu and Mary Ann, it is said, are also considering proposals for marriage.

Lorenzo Chanter, now a resident of Jackson, Mich., claims to have brought the first tomato seed to America from the island of Malta, in 1828. He says he planted the seeds in a garden in Boston, from which a big crop resulted. All were saved for seed, and he claims to have made a general distribution to his friends the next year. Mr. Chanter is now eighty-five years of age.

George Henry Rattenbury, of Detroit, believes that he has a unique relic of one of the ancestors of George Washington in a parchment deed written in Norman French, dated June 9, 1590, signed by Richard Washington and sealed by him, with the Washington seal.

Although the syllable "miss" of Mississippi and Missouri does not occur in the name of any other large river, it seems to be found in a somewhat unexpected place in the name Missisquoi, a stream of Franklin county, Vermont, flowing into Lake Champlain.

Frank Fairman, of Philadelphia, is making a protracted call on his sweetheart. He has been at her home five weeks and is likely to remain longer. He called to inquire after the girl's health. She had smallpox, and the officers quarantined him there.

A Bowery "museum" is now showing as its leading attraction a "convention of Killarney dairy maids," and the management with princely generosity throws in "a handsome sample of butter to each lady patron."

Dogs must be scarce in Warren, O., where an assessor listed a cast iron dog for taxation. He saw the cast iron dog in the grounds attached to a gentleman's house, and he entered it up for a \$1 tax.

Paper straws for drinking iced beverages, which are superior to the natural straws, are being placed on the market, and so is a peculiar cloth paper for printing bank notes on.

Amos Markham, of Memphis, Tenn., has moved fifteen times since he married in 1860. He is the father of twelve children, each born in a different state.

The town of Meriden, Conn., proposes to impose a tax on all book agents and canvassing men that follow that trade in town.

Great Britain owns in Africa an area of 2,570,000 square miles, almost equal to that of the United States.

PERSONAL POINTS.

The London Court Circular says the queen will go to Darmstadt in April, where she will meet the czar and zarina, the emperor and empress of Germany, ex-emperor Frederick, the duke and duchess of Saxa-Coburg and the duke and duchess of Cumberland.

George W. Smalley says that the hooting called forth by Henry James' new play in London was the result of a plot carefully matured by the playwright's enemies. The motive for this effort to damn the piece was that Mr. James is an American.

Prof. Patrick McManus, a graduate of the University of Dublin, and a teacher in Buenos Ayres schools, who, while conducting archaeological explorations in Peru, was imprisoned in a dungeon, will sue Peru for \$25,000 damages.

Emma Abbott's once famous baritone, Signor Campobello (Henry M. Campbell), has been sued for divorce by Grace Porter Campbell, the wife he deserted as soon as he learned that she was not rich.

Forty landscapes by M. Monet, the French impressionist, are now on exhibition in New York. Monet, once scoffed, has come to be chief cornerstone in modern landscape art.

Rev. Anna Howard Shaw, D. D., of Philadelphia, has received diplomas for the ministry, law and medicine. She is vice president of the national woman suffragists.

The number of sure cures for gout sent to Mayor Strong is daily on the increase. His mail is made up in large part of letters from quacks who are anxious to treat him.

President William J. Tucker, of Dartmouth College, delivered a lecture the other evening in Detroit on "The College in Relation to the Religious Life of the Day."

Robert G. Hardie's portrait of his late wife, a daughter of Senator Cullom, and a beautiful woman, has been recently hung in the Corcoran art gallery.

Prof. George T. Brush, of the Sheffield scientific school of Yale University, has just been elected a foreign member of the Royal Geographical Society.

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the great
SKIN CURE
Instantly Relieves
TORTURING
Skin Diseases

And the most distressing forms of itching, burning, bleeding, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, and will in a majority of cases permit rest and sleep and point to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure when physicians, hospitals, and all other methods fail. CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS, and its cures of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating humors are the most wonderful ever recorded.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA, 25c.; SOAP, 25c.; PREPARED, 50c. CUTICURA AND CREAM, 50c. Sole Proprietors, "All about the Skin and Blood," 64 pages, mailed free.

*Facial Blemishes, pimples, oily, mothy skin, falling hair, and simple baby rashes prevented and cured by Cuticura Soap.

MUSCULAR STRAINS, PAINS and weakness, back ache, weak kidneys, rheumatism, and chest pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster.

ALMOST A MIRACLE.

A Well-Known Railroad Man's Experience. Life Saved in a Way which is Wonderful, and Ought to be Told Everywhere Far and Wide.



MR. CHARLES ANNABLE.

There is no better known railroad man than Mr. Charles Annable, who resides at 20 Jordan avenue, Brunswick, Me. He has occupied trusted positions for thirty years on the Maine Central railroad.

"Yes," said Mr. Annable to the writer, "I can tell some remarkable stories from my long thirty years' railroad experience, but something has happened recently which is of the greatest importance to the people. Before I speak of myself, however, let me relate her wonderful experience."

"I have been troubled," began Mrs. Annable, "so bad with neuralgia that I could not turn my head in bed. It seemed as though my head was paralyzed. I was so troubled with heart disease and palpitation that a good many nights I thought I might pass away during the night."

"I suffered severely, and expected every day would be my last. My head seemed sometimes as though it would be paralyzed, and the least exertion would upset me and render me terribly weak and nervous. I took Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and it completely cured me—made me well and strong again."

"It seems as though my cure was almost a miracle, for I am now cured. My neighbors, well-knowing my condition, are astonished at my recovery, and I cannot half highly enough express my

gratitude for this wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I shall be glad to answer inquiries at any time."

"I also have used Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy," said Mr. Annable, "and have derived great benefit from its use; I know it is the best of all medicines. I have recommended it to many of my friends, and shall continue to do so upon every chance."

The enthusiasm of Mr. and Mrs. Annable in regard to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is not to be wondered at. It is indeed a wonderful medicine, wonderful because it cures almost everybody who uses it. It makes the sick well everywhere. It gives health and strength to the weak, tired and nervous sufferer. It gives good digestion to the dyspeptic, sweet sleep to the sleepless, and makes life again a joy and pleasure to those whom weak nerves and tired brains have rendered depressed in spirits, melancholy, discouraged and well-nigh hopeless. Use it and it will make you well. Doctors recommend it because it is the discovery and prescription of the well-known physician, Dr. Greene of 35 West Fourth street, New York City, who is without doubt the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. The doctor can be consulted in all cases without charge, personally or by letter.

DAILY HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

SUNDAY, Jan. 27.
The man who has begun to live more seriously within begins to live more simply without.—Phillips Brooks.

BREAKFAST.—Oranges. Oatmeal. Omelet. Corn griddle cakes. Maple syrup. Coffee.

DINNER.—Broiled beefsteak. Steamed potatoes. Lima beans. Celery. Cranberry sauce. White and graham bread. Chocolate cake.

SUPPER.—Bread and butter. Prunes. Cookies. Tea.

Heaven doth with us, as we with torches do: Not light them for themselves; for if our virtues did not give us light, 'twere all alike. As if we had them not. Spirits are not finely touched, but to fine issues.—Shakespeare.

The measure of a man is taken by what he plans for. Some plan for the day, some for years, the largest plan for eternity.—Beecher.

MONDAY, Jan. 28.
Do not wait with grace unspoken, While life's daily bread is broken.

BREAKFAST.—Apples. Graham mush. Butter toast. Breakfast stew. Prunes. Coffee.

DINNER.—Veal cutlets. Sweet potatoes. Canned corn. Cabbage salad. White and graham bread. Apple tart.

SUPPER.—Bread and butter. Baked Potatoes. Dried beef. Canned peaches. Cake. Milk. Tea.

This is called "big hash." Cut cooked meat and potatoes into small pieces. Stew and thicken the gravy a little. Beef stew is made of uncooked meat and potatoes, with an onion, if desired; or of cooked meat and fresh potatoes. Either one of the three kinds should be slowly cooked.

When you get into a tight place, and everything goes against you till it seems as if you could not hold out a minute longer, never give up then, for that is just the place and time that the tide'll turn. [Copyrighted.] HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

Notes.
I want every man and woman in the United States interested in the Opium and Whisky habits to have one of my books on these diseases. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, Atlanta, Ga., Box 380, and one will be sent you free. 54WY

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became a Girl, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

He "Up to Date" and take stock in West Virginia Savings and Building Association, No. 1160 Main street. Money to loan on real estate. Shares 25 cents. Office hours, 6:15 to 8:15 every Monday evening. MAS

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR RENT—DWELLING ON SIX TEENTH street with nine rooms; every improvement. DR. R. H. BULLARD. 1425

A. O. U. W.

The members of Welcome Lodge No. 6, A. O. U. W., are hereby notified that memorial service will be held at A. O. U. W. Temple, Saturday, January 27, at 2 p. m. All members of the order, their families and friends are cordially invited to be present. JACOB YOUNG, CHAIRMAN, C. F. GILLIGAN, Committee.

RUBY CREPE PAPER, WIRE FRAMES,

And all requests for LAMP SHADES, at

NICOLL'S ART STORE, 1222 Market Street.

SPECIAL PIANO SALE!

—THIS WEEK.—

F. W. DAUMER & CO.

FOR RENT.

That large two-story brick dwelling, No. 109 South Front street, Island. A most desirable location. 10 shares Exchange Bank. 25 shares Warwick China Company. 10 shares Postville Glass Company. 25 shares Kana Standard Steel & Iron Co. 2 Wheeling Railway Bonds. 10 shares Peabody Insurance Company. R. S. IRWIN, Broker, No. 21 Twelfth Street.

BEESWAX CANDLES, FOR CANDLEMAS, FOR THE CHURCH, FOR THE PARLOR.

EWING BROS., 1215 Market Street.

JUST RECEIVED.

McMULLEN'S

White Label Bass Ale and Genuine Stout.

SCHAEFER & DREHERST, Dealers in Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Wines, Brandies, Gins, etc., 1428 Main street, Telephone 101.

Chocolat Menier

Is reliable goods. It defies all honest competition. A trial will satisfy you. For sale by C. V. HARDING & CO., 1206 Market Street.

VENO'S REMEDIES.

A Full Line.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GOETZ'S PHARMACY, Market and Twelfth Streets.

CHEESE.

New York Cream Cheese, Swiss Cheese, Pro

Image of Cheese. Limburg, Cheddar, Emmentaler, Swiss, Club House, Edam, Casu, San Sego Cheese at

H. F. BEHRENS', 2217 Market Street, No Branch Stores.

TO LOAN

On Improved City Real Estate, sums from

\$1,000 to \$20,000.

SIMPSON & HAZLETT,

No. 1311 Market St.

SPECIAL

Cash Sale!

—OF—

CHAMBER SETS!

Which will be continued for a few days.

JOHN FRIEDEL & CO.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Postoffice at Wheeling, Ohio county, W. Va., Saturday, January 25. To obtain any of the following the applicant must ask for advertised letters, giving date of list.

LADIES' LIST.

Barney, Miss Marie E. Hertz, Miss Lena

Bowman, Mrs. Fannie Miller, Miss Ida H.

Burgess, Miss Lila Treat, Mrs. Lewney

Brown, Miss Jeanie Rafferty, Mrs. Alice

Danford, Miss Lillian Sawyers, Mrs. J. L.

Henry, Miss Ella Williams, Mrs. J. L.

Hessman, Mrs. Sophie

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Clark, John Knight, D. S.

Clark, J. C. Logston, Alvie

Caldin, D. M. Linbig, D.

Dearle, A. Markel, Ignata

Elson, Peter Macdonald, D. B.

Emerson, Jacob McCune, Geo.

Gibson, John R. Raney, Harry

Hunting, Bob Hogenon, F. H.

Hughes, L. Johnson, Chas. E. Wheeler, Nath

Jennings, L. W.

FIRMS.

Brohard & Co. Feik, R. L. & Co.

Heeren Bros. & Co.

FOREIGN.

Ruhte, Lurge Genare, T.

Grey, Thomas Genseltze, Albre

M. J. O'KANE, P.M.

FOR SALE.

House, 7 rooms and hall, on motor line, near

Seibert's Garden, \$2,500.

House, 4 rooms and hall, corner N. Huron and

Kentucky streets, \$2,500.

House, 5 rooms, 12th street, cheap. On easy

terms, \$600.

House 9 rooms and hall, 31st street, in splendid

order, \$3,600.

House, 7 rooms, brick, Main st., 5th ward, \$2,500.

House, 4 rooms, brick, Jacob street, 4th ward,

\$1,500.

House, 5 rooms and hall, Park View, lot 130x

125 feet, easy terms, \$1,750.

House, 5 rooms, 12th street, lot 25x100 feet, \$1,750.

Double house, 10 rooms, Indiana street, Island,

easy terms, \$2,500.

House, 6 rooms, South Huron street, Island,

5th ward, \$1,500.

House, 7 rooms and hall, Market street, between

7th and